ABN: 38 750 470 952

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
Revenue			
Admissions, Membership and Other Revenue		19,168,735	17,261,997
Grants	3	8,320,307	7,285,186
Sundry Sales/Income		343,332	293,767
Bequests		42,586	171,901
Total Revenue	2	27,874,960	25,012,851
Expenses			
Salaries, Wages & On-Costs		(14,398,107)	(13,471,627)
Animal Care		(958,444)	(801,976)
Maintenance Consumables		(1,509,964)	(1,452,870)
Cost of Sales		(686,924)	(674,049)
Conservation & Research Projects		(1,831,375)	(1,644,677)
Utilities		(682,107)	(486,733)
Marketing & Promotion		(821,998)	(839,954)
Tours & Experiences		(1,216,492)	(1,173,709)
Depreciation		(2,567,531)	(2,442,831)
Other Expenses		(1,563,031)	(1,528,174)
Total Expenses	2	(26,235,973)	(24,516,600)
Surplus from operating activities		1,638,987	496,251
Finance Income		67,753	76,045
Finance Expenses		(354,956)	(327,864)
Net Financing Expense		(287,203)	(251,819)
Surplus for the Period	_	1,351,784	244,432
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items that will never be reclassified to profit or loss			
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(5,500)	31,032
Total Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for period		(5,500)	31,032
Total Comprehensive Income for period attributable to members		1,346,284	275,464

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	1,103,629	3,883,337
Receivables and Prepayments	5	1,100,824	924,277
Inventories	8	477,715	508,555
Total Current Assets		2,682,168	5,316,169
Non Current Assets			
Financial Assets at Fair Value	6	471,101	476,601
Property, Plant and Equipment	7	47,346,999	46,921,465
Total Non Current Assets	_	47,818,100	47,398,066
Total Assets	_	50,500,268	52,714,235
Current Liabilities			
Sundry Creditors	11	1,598,603	4,254,342
Income in Advance	12	3,202,036	3,227,356
Loans and Borrowings	10	1,124,061	6,111,904
Employee Benefits	9	3,270,316	3,148,401
Total Current Liabilities	_	9,195,016	16,742,003
Non Current Liabilities	_		
Loans and Borrowings	10	5,358,553	1,431,910
Employee Benefits	9	288,982	228,889
Total Non Current Liabilities		5,647,535	1,660,799
Total Liabilities		14,842,551	18,402,802
Net Assets	_	35,657,717	34,311,433
	-		1
Reserves		2,851	8,351
Retained Funds		35,654,866	34,303,082
Total Equity	_	35,657,717	34,311,433
	•		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Fair Value Reserves	Retained Funds	Total Equity
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2016	(22,681)	34,058,650	34,035,969
Profit/(Loss) for the period	-	244,432	244,432
Other Comprehensive Income			
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	31,032	-	31,032
Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Expense) for period	31,032	-	31,032
Total Comprehensive Income/(Expense) for period	31,032	244,432	275,464
Balance at 30 June 2017	8,351	34,303,082	34,311,433
Balance at 1 July 2017	8,351	34,303,082	34,311,433
Profit/(Loss) for the period	=	1,351,784	1,351,784
Other Comprehensive Income/(Expense)			
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(5,500)	-	(5,500)
Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Expense) for period	(5,500)	-	(5,500)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Expense) for period	(5,500)	1,351,784	1,346,284
Balance at 30 June 2018	2,851	35,654,866	35,657,717

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
		Inflows	Inflows
		(Outflows)	(Outflows)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts			
Receipts from customers		16,958,638	16,051,776
Donations, Bequests and Sponsorships		3,022,830	1,891,623
Payments			
Wages and Salaries		(14,150,727)	(13,137,536)
Suppliers		(7,675,271)	(6,757,686)
Conservation & Research Projects		(4,431,479)	(391,193)
Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Operating Activities		(6,276,009)	(2,343,016)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(2,993,065)	(1,866,865)
Sale/(Purchase) of Shares and Investments		-	63,729
Interest and dividends received		67,753	76,045
Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Capital and Investing Activities		(2,925,312)	(1,727,091)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Net State Government Grants Received		5,708,608	5,604,161
Net Other Grants Received		2,129,161	1,888,180
Net Repayment of Borrowings		(1,061,200)	(792,456)
Payment of Interest		(354,956)	(327,864)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		6,421,613	6,372,021
Net (Decrease)/Increase in Cash Held		(2,779,708)	2,301,914
Cash at the Beginning of the Year		3,883,337	1,581,423
Cash at the End of the Year	4	1,103,629	3,883,337

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Royal Zoological Society of South Australia Incorporated (the "Society") is a not for profit incorporated association domiciled in South Australia. The address of the Society's registered office is Frome Road, Adelaide, South Australia. The Society during the year was involved in the operation of the Adelaide Zoo and Monarto Zoo. The Society is also involved in a wide range of Conservation Programs both in Australia and internationally.

This financial report was authorised for issue by the Board on 31st October 2018.

(a) Basis of Preparation

In the opinion of the directors, the Society is not publicly accountable. The Society applies Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements as set out in AASB 1053: Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting Standards and AASB 2010–2: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Reduced Disclosure Requirements and other applicable Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements.

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB), the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 (ACNC) and the Associations Incorporation Act 1985 (as amended). The association is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars, which is the functional currency of the Society.

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future period affected.

Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

- Note 7 Property, Plant and Equipment
- Note 9 Employee Benefits

The Society has derived a surplus for the period of \$1.4m (2017: \$244k). As at 30 June 2018, the Society has net assets of \$35.7m (2017:\$34.3m) however has a working capital deficiency of \$6.5m as current liabilities of \$9.2m exceed the current assets of \$2.7m. Included in current liabilities is \$3.2m of income received in advance which is not expected to require repayment and employee provisions of \$3.3m, the majority of which are not anticipated to be settled within the next 12 months.

The net deficit in cashflows incurred in the current year was primarily attributable to:

- capital expenditure including costs associated with the Lions 360 exhibit which was completed in FY2018; and
- the payment of US\$2m in FY2018 to the China Wildlife Conservation Association whereas the related Government funding was received prior to 30 June 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Presently committed future capital expenditure is only \$350k. Any further capital expenditure will be completed subject to available cash reserves and donations.

In the year ended 30 June 2018 the Society generated net operating cash in-flows of \$1.6m (including State and Federal Government operating grants) and is forecast to generate positive operating cash flows in the 2019 financial year. It is anticipated by the Board that the State and Federal Governments will continue to provide grants and funding support to the Society in order to ensure that it remains in operation. Historically, the Society has received significant donation income, including \$866k in the current year. It is also anticipated that donations will not materially decrease in the next 18 months.

The Board has prepared a forecast cash flow of the Society which indicates that it will be able to meet its obligations as and when they fall due. The cash flow forecast anticipates that the level of grant funding, admissions income, membership income, and donations will be maintained at levels similar to FY 2018, underpinned by the assumption that there is no expected change in the Society's operations or exhibits that would see a drop in attendance and that there will be no significant increase in expenses or change in pattern of staff taking annual leave. Whilst the cash flows can't be determined with certainty, the Board is confident that the cash in-flows of the Society will be sufficient to meet its ongoing cash out-flow needs.

Accordingly, the financial statements continue to be prepared on a going concern basis.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial report. There are no new accounting standards, amendments to standards or interpretations identified as having a significant impact on the Society.

The Society has elected to early adopt AASB 9 Financial Instruments with a date of initial application of 1 July 2014. The impact of the adoption of this standard is not considered to be material to the financial statements.

(b) Revenue

(i) Sales Revenue

Income from Admissions, Education, Catering and Retail are recognised as revenue when earned rather than when received.

(ii) Grants

Grants received from government and other bodies are brought to account as income in the year in which they are received, unless they are for a specific purpose where costs have not yet been incurred. Grants in relation to which the Society is required to repay unutilised funding are treated as reciprocal transfers and income is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

(iii) Interest & Dividends

Interest revenue is recognised as it accrues on a daily basis, using the effective interest method. Dividend revenue is recognised in the statement of profit and loss and comprehensive income on the date the right to receive payments is established, which in the case of quoted securities is normally the ex-dividend date.

(iv) Membership Subscriptions

Membership subscriptions are recognised as revenue when earned over the period of the subscription rather than when the cash is received. Prepaid subscriptions are recorded as unearned revenue and are included in Income in Advance.

(v) Donations, Bequests & Sponsorship

Donations, bequests and sponsorship made to the Society, including those made for specific purposes, are treated as income on receipt or under the terms on which they are made. The Society applies specific purpose donations, bequests and sponsorship in accordance with the terms of each bequest and/or the wishes of the donors/sponsor.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Receivables

Receivables to be settled within 60 days are carried at amortised cost. The Society is not materially exposed to any individual customer. The collectability of debts is assessed at year-end (see accounting policy (g)).

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and at call deposits.

(e) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

The Society has a portfolio of investments including interest bearing or dividend yielding securities. The Finance and Audit Committee manages the portfolio to minimise the exposure to significant risk due to changes in yields or market values.

When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value. Financial assets other than those subsequently measured at amortised cost are subsequently measured at fair value. Investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Fair value is determined based on fair value (being the redemption value) of all investments.

For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, the Society has elected at initial recognition to present gains and losses in other comprehensive income. For instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, gains and losses are not reclassified to profit or loss and no impairments are recognised in profit or loss.

Dividends earned are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Financial assets are recognised/de-recognised by the Society on the date it commits to purchase/sell the investments.

(f) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on the first in first out principle, and includes the expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, and bringing them into their existing location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated selling expenses.

(g) Impairment

Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Society's assets other than inventories (see accounting policy (f)) are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated (see accountancy policy (g)(i)).

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss, unless an asset has previously been revalued, in which case the impairment loss is recognised as a reversal to the extent of that previous revaluation with any excess recognised through profit or loss.

Financial Assets

(i) Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of the Society's receivables carried at amortised cost is calculated as the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these financial assets). Receivables with a short duration are not discounted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(ii) Reversals of impairment

An impairment loss in respect of receivables carried at amortised cost is reversed if the subsequent increase in recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised.

In respect of other assets, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(h) Property, Plant and Equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (see below) and impairment losses (see accounting policy (g)). Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. Borrowing costs related to the acquisition and construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset.

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Assets donated to the Society are initially valued at fair value, being the amount for which the assets would be exchanged in an arm's length transaction. The asset value is determined by an independent valuation.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and are recognised on a net basis in profit or loss.

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Society and its costs can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. The cost of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis based on the following depreciation rates:

 Buildings
 2.0% - 3.5%

 Exhibits
 3.3% - 5.0%

 Plant & Equipment
 10.0%

 Computers & IT
 25.0% - 30.0%

Motor Vehicles 10.0%

These rates were applied for the entire financial year. Land is not depreciated.

(i) Creditors

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in future for goods or services received up to balance date. Creditors are normally settled within 30 days.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Employee Benefits

(i) Long-term service benefits

The Society's net obligation in respect of long-term service benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The obligation is discounted to its present value and the fair value of any related assets is deducted. The discount rate is the yield at the balance sheet date on high quality corporate bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Society's obligations.

(ii) Wages, salaries and leave

Liabilities for wages, salaries and leave that are expected to be settled within 12 months of reporting date, represent present obligations resulting from employees' services provided to reporting date and are measured as the undiscounted amounts based on wage and salary rates that the Society expects to pay as at reporting date including related on-costs.

(k) Exhibit Acquisition and Transfer

Management of animal populations and a strong commitment to captive breeding of endangered species requires the Society to regularly interchange specimens with other approved zoos around the world. While threatened species and species subject to cooperative management plans are given freely for the benefit of conservation, the Society bears the cost of importing such species.

As the acquisitions improve the quality of the exhibits, major costs are capitalised to property, plant and equipment in accordance with accounting policy (h).

(I) Taxation

The Society is exempt from income tax under the current provisions of the Income Tax Assessment Act. Accordingly there is no income tax expense or income tax payable.

(m) Operating lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in the profit or loss as an integral part of the total lease expense.

(n) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as a current asset or liability in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office are classified as operating cash flows.

(o) Application of Surplus

Any surplus generated by the Society is applied to the development of Adelaide and Monarto Zoos and/or repayment of debt.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

The Australian Accounting Standards Board has released two new accounting standards that are not yet effective:

- 1. AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, effective for financial years ending on or after 1 January 2019; and
- 2. AASB 16 Leases, effective for financial years ending on or after 1 January 2019.

A review of the accounting treatment required by these standards has not yet been conducted by management. The impact of the new accounting standards will be assessed in future reporting periods when the standards become effective.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 2: REVENUES AND EXPENSES

	Note	2018				2017
	-	Adelaide Zoo	Monarto Zoo	Society	Total	Total
	-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
REVENUE	1(b)					
Admissions		5,402,056	2,527,719	-	7,929,775	7,288,171
Education		861,895	248,852	-	1,110,747	987,664
Sponsorship		263,924	62,270	1,085,474	1,411,668	1,677,092
Bequests		-	-	42,586	42,586	171,901
Donations		-	5,463	860,866	866,329	541,775
Membership		-	-	3,618,182	3,618,182	3,279,408
Retail Sales		1,025,359	440,606	-	1,465,965	1,496,686
Catering Sales		647,312	104,521	-	751,833	652,894
Tours Income		429,474	854,788	-	1,284,262	888,922
Events		477,230	-	252,744	729,974	449,385
Sundry Sales/Income		155,806	52,333	135,193	343,332	293,767
Grants	3	9,786	13,112	8,297,409	8,320,307	7,285,186
Total Revenue	_	9,272,842	4,309,664	14,292,454	27,874,960	25,012,851
EXPENSES						
Salaries, Wages & On-Costs		6,395,681	3,239,483	4,762,943	14,398,107	13,471,627
Animal Care		265,624	435,065	257,755	958,444	801,976
Maintenance Consumables		1,079,544	326,738	103,682	1,509,964	1,452,870
Cost of Sales		482,970	203,954	-	686,924	674,049
Conservation & Research Projects		-	-	1,831,375	1,831,375	1,644,677
Utilities		511,529	170,578	-	682,107	486,733
Marketing & Promotion		65,728	127	756,143	821,998	839,954
Tours & Experiences		211,998	1,001,631	2,863	1,216,492	1,173,709
Depreciation		-	-	2,567,531	2,567,531	2,442,831
Other Expenses		326,155	118,479	1,118,397	1,563,031	1,528,174
Total Expenses	-	9,339,229	5,496,055	11,400,689	26,235,973	24,516,600

NOTE 3: GOVERNMENT AND OTHER GRANTS

The South Australian Government provided general funding of \$5,708,608 (2017: \$5,604,161) during the year for operating purposes. Other Grants (Government and non-Government) totalling \$2,611,699 (2017: \$1,681,025) were recognised as income and are provided for specific projects carried out by the Society. During the year all general funding received has been recognised as income. Specific purpose funding has been recognised in accordance with the various funding agreements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
Cash on hand		89,662	76,471
Cash at bank		976,731	3,804,464
Short-term investments – bank deposits		37,236	2,402
		1,103,629	3,883,337

NOTE 5: RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
Sundry Debtors		712,168	701,073
Prepaid Expenses		239,437	46,270
GST Receivable		149,219	176,934
	_	1,100,824	924,277

The Society's exposure to credit and market risks, and impairment losses related to trade receivables are disclosed in Note 16.

NOTE 6: FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

No	ote	2018	2017	
		\$	\$	
Investments in listed corporations – at fair value				
- shares in listed corporations		471,101	476,601	
- during the year, the Society received dividends of \$30,863 (2017: \$22,121) which have been recognised within finance income	-	471,101	476,601	

NOTE 7: PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

NOTE 7: PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT			
	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
Land and Buildings at cost	1	49,421,247	49,287,929
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(14,571,102)	(13,192,101)
	_	34,850,145	36,095,828
Exhibits at cost	_	18,963,864	17,117,549
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(10,776,370)	(10,138,205)
	_	8,187,494	6,979,344
Plant & Equipment at cost		5,353,582	4,748,717
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(2,943,180)	(2,470,825)
	_	2,410,402	2,277,892
Motor Vehicles at cost		2,043,844	1,737,046
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(1,369,067)	(1,333,277)
	_	674,777	403,769
	_		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 7: PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT (Continued)

,	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
Construction in Progress			1
- Adelaide		109,047	68,968
- Monarto		1,053,434	1,009,316
- Society		61,700	86,348
		1,224,181	1,164,632
Total Property, Plant & Equipment – net book value		47,346,999	46,921,465

Movement in the carrying amounts of Property Plant & Equipment:

	Land & Buildings	Exhibits	Plant & Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Construction in Progress	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at beginning of year	36,095,828	6,979,344	2,277,892	403,769	1,164,632	46,921,465
Additions/(Transfers)	133,318	1,846,314	604,865	358,764	59,549	3,002,810
Disposals		-	-	(9,745)	-	(9,745)
Depreciation	(1,379,001)	(638,164)	(472,355)	(78,011)	-	(2,567,531)
Carrying Amount at the end of the year	34,850,145	8,187,494	2,410,402	674,777	1,224,181	47,346,999

NOTE 8: INVENTORIES

NOTE O. INVENTORIES	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
Finished Goods		477,715	508,555
	_	477,715	508,555

During the period ended 30 June 2018, no inventories were considered non-recoverable and written off (30 June 2017: \$Nil) and no inventories were provided for as potentially impaired (30 June 2017: \$Nil).

NOTE 9: EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
Current Liabilities			
Annual Leave		1,296,789	1,273,042
Sick Leave Bonus		223,560	224,722
Long Service Leave		1,749,967	1,650,637
		3,270,316	3,148,401
Non-Current Liabilities	-		
Long Service Leave		288,982	228,889
		288,982	228,889
Total		3,559,298	3,377,290

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 10: LOANS AND BORROWINGS

This note provides information about the contractual terms of the Society's interest-bearing loans and borrowings, which are measured at amortised cost.

	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
Total facilities available:			
Fully Drawn Advance 1		1,177,922	1,440,593
Secured Business Loan ²		5,050,000	5,800,000
Hire Purchase ³		254,692	303,221
		6,482,614	7,543,814
Facilities utilised at reporting date:			
Current			
Fully Drawn Advance 1		274,829	262,672
Secured Business Loan ²		800,000	5,800,000
Hire Purchase ³		49,232	49,232
		1,124,061	6,111,904
Non Current		110 ₂ 0	
Fully Drawn Advance 1		903,093	1,177,921
Secured Business Loan ²		4,250,000	_
Hire Purchase ³		205,460	253,989
		5,358,553	1,431,910
Total		6,482,614	7,543,814

- 1. The Fully Drawn Advance is held with the South Australian Government. The facility is unsecured, matures in May 2022 and is subject to an interest rate of 4.55% pa.
- 2. The secured business loan facility is held with Australia and New Zealand Banking Group (ANZ). The facility is secured by mortgage over freehold land held by the Society at Monarto that matures in July 2022 and is subject to an interest rate of 5.32% p.a. The freehold land securing the loan has a carrying value of \$1,500,000.
- 3. Hire purchase liabilities are effectively secured as rights to the leased assets. These revert to the lessor in the event of default.

NOTE 11: SUNDRY CREDITORS

	Note	Note 2018 \$	2017 \$
Sundry Creditors		924,208	999,879
Accruals		674,395	654,359
Sundry Creditors (China Wildlife Conservation Association)		-	2,600,104
		1,598,603	4,254,342

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 12: INCOME IN ADVANCE

	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
Current Income in Advance			
Grants in Advance		463,894	236,432
Income Received in Advance		1,275,742	1,249,787
Member Fees Received in Advance		1,462,400	1,741,137
Total		3,202,036	3,227,356
NOTE 13: COMMITMENTS			
	Note	2018	2017
		\$	\$
- Property, Plant & Equipment			000 054
	_		633,954
Total	_	-	633,954 633,954
Total	Note	2018	
Total	Note	2018	633,954
Total Operating Lease Expense Commitments	Note		633,954
		\$	633,954 2017 \$
Operating Lease Expense Commitments		\$	633,954 2017 \$
Operating Lease Expense Commitments Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but Payable – minimum lease payments: - Within one year		\$ the financial statemen 80,242	633,954 2017 \$ nts
Operating Lease Expense Commitments Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but Payable – minimum lease payments: - Within one year - One year or later and no later than five years		\$ the financial statemen	633,954 2017 \$
Operating Lease Expense Commitments Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but Payable – minimum lease payments: - Within one year		\$ the financial statemen 80,242	633,954 2017 \$ nts
Operating Lease Expense Commitments Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but Payable – minimum lease payments: - Within one year - One year or later and no later than five years		\$ the financial statemen 80,242	633,954 2017 \$ nts

NOTE 14: FAIR VALUE RESERVE

The fair value reserve includes the cumulative net change in the fair value of equity instruments that are not held for trading. Gains and losses on these financial assets are not transferred to profit and loss.

NOTE 15: RELATED PARTIES

Board

The names of each person holding the position of Board member of the Royal Zoological Society of SA Inc during the financial year and up until the date of this report are as follows. Board members were in office for the entire year unless otherwise stated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 15: RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

Mr D Sanders	President
Ms J Riedstra	Vice President
Mr K McGuinness	Elected Member (Resigned 21 November 2017)
Mr G Crook	Elected Member
Prof C Tilt	Elected Member
Mr D Mutton	Elected Member
Dr S Robinson	Elected Member (Commenced 21 November 2017)
Ms K Thiele	Board Appointed Member
Mr T Jarvis AM	Board Appointed Member (Resigned 28 August 2018)
Mr R Buchecker	Board Appointed Member
Mr B Spurr OA	Board Appointed Member (Commenced 25 September 2018)

The Board members did not receive any emoluments from the Society during the financial year.

Key management personnel disclosures

	2018	2017 \$
	\$	
The totals of remuneration paid to key management personner as follows:	el (KMP) of the association duri	ng the year are
Key management personnel compensation	1,081,560	953,495

Key management personnel includes:

Chief Executive

Director of Business Operations

Director of Corporate Services

Director of Life Sciences

Director of People & Performance

Director of Property & Development

NOTE 16: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The association's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-term investments and accounts receivable and payable.

The carrying amounts for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 9 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

	Note 2	Note 2018 \$	2017 \$
Financial Assets	. "		
Cash and cash equivalents	4	1,103,629	3,883,337
Receivables	5	861,387	878,007
Financial Assets at Fair Value	6	471,101	476,601
Total Financial Assets		2,436,117	5,237,945

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

NOTE 16: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial Liabilities

Sundry Creditors	11	1,598,603	4,254,342
Loans and borrowings	10 _	6,482,614	7,543,814
Total Financial Liabilities		8,081,217	11,798,156

Refer to Note 14 for detailed disclosures regarding the fair value measurement of the association's financial assets.

NOTE 17: EVENTS AFTER BALANCE DATE

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors, to affect significantly the operations of the Society, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Society as at the date of this report.

ROYAL ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA INC STATEMENT BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In the opinion of the directors of the Royal Zoological Society of South Australia Incorporated ('the Society'):

- (a) the Society is not publicly accountable;
- (b) the financial statements and notes that are set out on pages 2 to 18 are in accordance with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, and the Associations Incorporation Act 1985 (as amended), including:
 - (i) presents fairly in all material respects of the financial position of the Society as at 30 June 2018 and of its performance, for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013; and
- (c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Society will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (d) Since the end of the previous financial year no Officer of the Society, no firm of which an Officer is a member, and no body corporate in which an Officer has a substantial financial interest, has received or become entitled to receive any benefit as a result of a contract between the Officer, firm or body corporate and the Society.
- (e) Since the end of the previous financial year no Officer of the Society has received directly or indirectly any payment or other benefit of a pecuniary value, other than in the case of officers employed by the Society, approved salaries which have been determined in accordance with general market conditions.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors:

Dated at Adelaide this 31st day of October 2018.

Ms J Riedstra Vice-President Mr D Mutton Director llusto



Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of the Royal Zoological Society of South Australia Incorporated

Opinion

We have audited the *Financial Report*, of the Royal Zoological Society of South Australia Incorporated (the Society).

In our opinion, the accompanying *Financial Report* of the Society presents fairly, in all material respects the Society's financial position as at 30 June 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date:

- i. in accordance with Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission (ACNC) Act 2012, and the Associations Incorporation Act 1985 (as amended); and
- ii. in compliance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

The Financial Report comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018.
- ii. Statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income, Statement of changes in equity, and Statement of cash flows for the year then ended.
- iii. Notes including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- iv. Statement by the Board of Directors.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Society in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *ACNC Act 2012* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Board of Directors are responsible for:

- i. Preparing a fairly presented Financial Report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosures Requirements and the ACNC.
- ii. Preparing the Financial Report in accordance with the Associations Incorporation Act 1985 (as amended).
- iii. Implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report that is presented fairly and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- iv. Assessing the Society's ability to continue as a going concern. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Society or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- i. to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- ii. to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this Financial Report.

As part of an audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- i. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ii. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the Audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the registered Society's internal control.
- iii. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- iv. Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the registered Society's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the Financial Report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the registered Society to cease to continue as a going concern.
- v. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Report, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Directors of the registered Society regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KPMG

Neil Ediriweera

Director

Adelaide

31 October 2018



Auditor's Independence Declaration under subdivision 60-C section 60-40 of Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012

To the directors of the Royal Zoological Society of South Australia Incorporated

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2018 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

Neil Ediriweera

Director

Adelaide

31 October 2018